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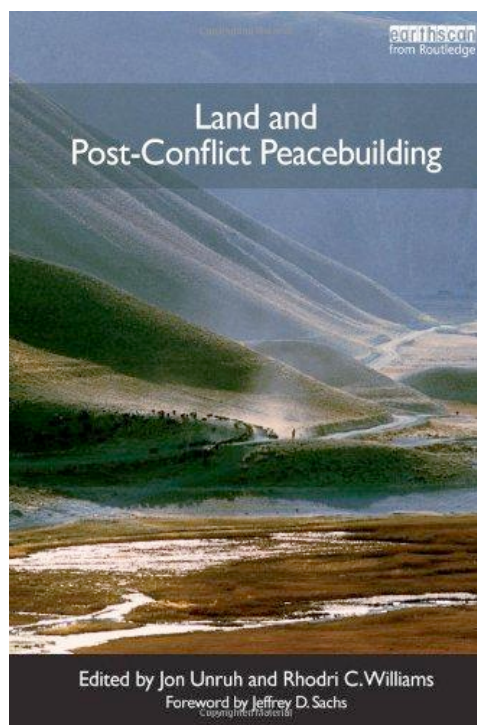
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Appendix 2: Author biographies

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APPENDIX 2

Author biographies

Nesreen Barwari is a citizen of Iraq and resident of its Kurdistan Region. Barwari, a lecturer on planning and housing at Dohuk University, formerly served as minister of municipalities and public works in the government of Iraq (2003–2006) and the former minister of reconstruction and development in the Kurdistan Regional Government in Erbil, Kurdistan-Iraq (1999–2003). She is the founder and chairwoman of Breeze and Hope, a nongovernmental organization (NGO) that promotes democracy in the Kurdistan Region; the president and chairwoman of Tolerancy International, an NGO that strives to foster stable secular democracies; and the development director at Ranj Company, a development, investment, and construction company in Iraq. Barwari has also worked with various United Nations agencies in program and management positions. She holds a bachelor's degree in architectural engineering and urban planning from Baghdad University and a Master of Public Administration in public policy and management from the Harvard University Kennedy School of Government. Barwari has also completed two years in a Ph.D. program at the University of British Columbia School of Community and Regional Planning and is finalizing her dissertation with the Faculty of Spatial Planning at Dortmund University.

Douglas E. Batson is a political geography analyst at the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency of the United States and is a staff member of the Foreign Names Committee of the U.S. Board on Geographic Names. He holds a master's degree in education from Boston University and a bachelor's degree in geography from Excelsior College. Batson previously worked for the U.S. Geological Survey and the U.S. Department of Justice and is retired from the U.S. Army Reserve.

John W. Bruce has worked on land policy and law in developing countries for forty years, primarily in Africa, including ten year's residence in Ethiopia and Sudan. He holds a J.D. from Columbia Law School and an S.J.D. from the University of Wisconsin–Madison. Bruce is a former director of the Land Tenure Center at the University of Wisconsin–Madison, and between 1996 and 2006 he served at the World Bank in a dual capacity as senior counsel for land law

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in the Legal Department and as senior land tenure specialist in the Agriculture and Rural Development Department. Bruce currently heads the consulting firm Land and Development Solutions International. He has published extensively on land policy and law, most recently the book *Land Law Reform: Achieving Development Policy Objectives* (World Bank, 2006) and the strategic overview paper “Land and Business Formalization for Legal Empowerment of the Poor” (U.S. Agency for International Development, 2007).

Allan Cain is an architect and specialist in project planning and urbanization. He has an undergraduate degree in environmental studies from the University of Waterloo in Canada and completed his graduate studies at the Architectural Association in London and further specialist studies at Harvard University and the University of Colorado–Boulder. Cain has over thirty-five years of professional experience in developing countries, twenty-eight of those in Angola during and after the conflict there. He has participated in several program evaluations and missions for the United Nations, European Union, and World Bank. Cain is the director of Development Workshop, which operates in Canada, France, and Angola, and he serves as the Canadian Honorary Consul to Angola, an officer of the Order of Canada, and a board member for several development institutions. He has lectured at universities in Angola, Canada, Norway, South Africa, the United Kingdom, and the United States. He has published numerous articles and is working on a forthcoming book titled *Planning with Vulnerable People in Turbulent Times*.

Alexandre Corriveau-Bourque holds a master’s degree from McGill University’s Department of Geography. His thesis research examines the intersections between land tenure systems in post-war Liberia and the impact these intersections have on perceptions of security. Corriveau-Bourque has recently published some of his findings on post-war land tenure systems in Lofa County, Liberia, with the Norwegian Refugee Council. His research interests include relations between the informal sector and the state; legal pluralism; food security; and disarmament, demobilization, and reintegration.

Samir Elhawary is a research fellow in the Humanitarian Policy Group at the Overseas Development Institute. He is currently researching the evolving role of humanitarian action in conflict-affected emergencies, with a particular focus on the interface between humanitarianism and politics. He also works on stabilization and the links between security and development. Previously his work focused on the role of natural resources in armed conflict, and he was engaged in various initiatives to promote conflict sensitivity in the extractive industry.

Arthur Green is a professional educator, researcher, and land tenure specialist with consulting experience in several countries in sub-Saharan Africa, Central America, and Southeast Asia. His consulting focuses on forestry, agricultural production, legal aspects of land reform, and participatory mapping. As a McGill

Major Fellow and a fellow of the United States–Indonesia Society, he is currently finishing a doctorate in geography at McGill University. His research areas include property rights, legal geography, post-war and post-disaster reconstruction, natural resource tenure, land policy administration and reform, participatory mapping, food security, and sustainable livelihoods in the context of change.

Ian D. Hannam is an adjunct associate professor at the Australian Centre for Agriculture and Law, University of New England, Australia. He is chair of the Specialist Group for Sustainable Use of Soils and Desertification at the International Union for Conservation of Nature's Commission on Environmental Law. Hannam acts as a specialist consultant on environmental law and policy reform for various agencies within the United Nations system. Over the past thirty years he worked in many countries, including China, the Czech Republic, Iceland, Kyrgyzstan, Mongolia, Serbia, Tajikistan, and Thailand. He is widely published in international journals and has written books and specialist articles on a number of environmental topics, including climate change, sustainable land use management, ecosystem management, and natural resource governance.

Naomi Hatsukano has been a research fellow in the Southeast Asian Studies Group II at the Area Studies Center of the Institute of Developing Economies in Japan since 2003. She studied in Phnom Penh as a visiting researcher at the Royal University of Law and Economics, Cambodia, from 2007 to 2009. Hatsukano holds a master's degree in international studies and a bachelor's degree in law from the University of Tokyo.

Paula Defensor Knack is one of the Philippines' leading experts on land management and policy. Previously she has served as assistant secretary for lands and legislative affairs in the Philippine Department of Environment and Natural Resources, legal specialist and head of national policy studies in the AusAID-World Bank Land Administration Management Project, chair of the panel of experts on Toxic and Hazardous Wastes in Former U.S. Military Bases under the Office of the President, chair of the National Gender and Development Focal Point System, head of the Legislative Liaison Systems under the Office of the President, advisor to the speaker of the House of Representatives, deputy chief of staff in the Senate, and legal and scientific advisor to the Philippine Permanent Representation to the Organization for Prohibition of Chemical Weapons at The Hague. Defensor Knack holds bachelor's degrees in social sciences and law from the University of the Philippines and a master's degree in sustainable resource management from the Technical University of Munich.

Barbara McCallin works as a housing, land, and property adviser at the Geneva-based Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre of the Norwegian Refugee Council. Her current research focuses on addressing housing, land, and property issues in informal land tenure contexts. She contributed to the interagency publication *Handbook on Housing and Property Restitution for Refugees and*

Displaced Persons: Implementing the Pinheiro Principles. McCallin is currently cochair of the housing, land, and property subgroup of the Global Protection Cluster Working Group, and she recently coauthored the report “Whose Land Is This? Land Disputes and Forced Displacement in the Western Forest Area of Côte d’Ivoire.” Previously she worked in Mali and Bosnia and Herzegovina for the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees and the Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe; there she played an active role in the carrying out of the Property Legislation Implementation Plan. She graduated from the Institut d’Études Politiques d’Aix-en-Provence, and she has a master’s degree in public international law from the University of Aix-en-Provence.

Naori Miyazawa worked as the head of office with the United Nations Office for Project Services in Tokyo from 2004 to 2008. From 2001 to 2005, she worked with various institutions in Timor-Leste, including international nongovernmental organizations, managing post-conflict reconstruction and recovery, development, and environmental projects. Her experiences in Timor-Leste include a lectureship at the national university in the field of environmental studies. Prior to her tenure in Timor-Leste, she researched environmental governance issues in East Asia with the Environment and Sustainable Development Programme of United Nations University; her research is published in several articles. Miyazawa holds a Ph.D. in international studies from the University of Tokyo, where she is currently a lecturer. She holds a master’s degree in environment and development from the University of London.

Jennifer Brick Murtazashvili is an assistant professor at the Graduate School of Public and International Affairs at the University of Pittsburgh. She is finishing a book on village and customary governance in rural Afghanistan, for which she conducted interviews and focus groups in more than thirty Afghan villages across six provinces. She has also managed democracy assistance for the U.S. Agency for International Development in Uzbekistan and drafted legislative materials for the new Afghan parliament as a consultant for the United Nations Development Programme in Kabul. Murtazashvili has lived in various parts of Central Eurasia, primarily Uzbekistan and Afghanistan. She holds a Ph.D. in political science and a master’s degree in agricultural and applied economics from the University of Wisconsin–Madison.

Yuri Oki holds a master’s degree in international relations from the University of Tokyo. For her master’s dissertation, titled “Seeing Ethnologic Attributes as a Conflict Prevention Lens,” she conducted a survey on peacebuilding in Mindanao, Philippines. Oki’s general interests lie in the dynamics of post-conflict development, conflict prevention, and peacebuilding. Her current focus is land tenure and land resource management under a comprehensive scheme of peacebuilding.

Sara Pantuliano is head of the Humanitarian Policy Group at the Overseas Development Institute. A political scientist with extensive experience in

programming in conflict and post-conflict situations, she is currently focusing on underexplored dimensions of displacement, particularly the role of land in return and reintegration processes and in displacement in urban contexts. Prior to joining the Overseas Development Institute, she led the United Nations Development Programme's peacebuilding unit in Sudan, brokered and managed a high-profile post-conflict response in Sudan's Nuba Mountains, and was a resource person and observer at the Intergovernmental Authority on Development's Sudan peace process. Pantuliano holds a Ph.D. in politics and has lectured at the University of Dar es Salaam.

M. Y. Safar is an Afghan topographical and cadastral surveyor, land tenure specialist, and member of the Terra Institute. He has more than forty years of professional experience in the surveying, classification, clarification, registration, and administration of land. A former deputy of the Afghan Geodesy and Cartography Head Office and director of the Cadastral Department, Safar has worked in Afghanistan on health, water, and sanitation for various agencies, including the United Nations Children's Fund, the United Nations Human Settlements Programme, the U.S. Agency for International Development, the World Bank, the Asian Development Bank, and UK Children in Crisis. He has completed studies at Kandahar National Cadastral Survey Vocational School, the Survey Training Institute in Hyderabad, and Gadjah Mada University in Indonesia, where he earned a certificate in remote sensing for land use mapping and planning.

Siraj Sait is reader and head of law research at the University of East London, where he coordinates the human rights and Islamic and Middle East studies programs. A graduate of Harvard Law School, the University of Madras, and the University of London, Sait is a former state prosecutor on human rights in India, has served as trustee of the Commonwealth Human Rights Initiative, and has been a consultant for Minority Rights Group International, the office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, and the United Nations Children's Fund. He recently worked with the United Nations Human Settlements Programme, supporting the launch of the Global Land Tool Network, which he currently serves as a member of its international advisory board. Sait is a member of the Centre on Human Rights in Conflict. His publications include *Land, Law and Islam: Property and Human Rights in the Muslim World* (with H. Lim, Zed Books, 2006) and *The Policy Makers Guide to Women's Land, Property, and Housing Rights* (United Nations Human Settlements Programme, 2006).

Akram Salam, who is from Kabul, has twenty-five years of experience working with Afghan and international nongovernmental organizations and with the United Nations as a community mobilizer, construction engineer, and coordinator and director of refugee camps in Pakistan and Afghanistan. The organizations he has worked with include Deutsche Gesellschaft für Technische Zusammenarbeit, Architectes Sans Frontières, the United Nations Human Settlements

Programme, the U.S. Agency for International Development, the University of Nebraska–Omaha, the Academy for Education Development, and the Afghan Independent Human Rights Commission. Salam currently directs an Afghan nongovernmental organization called Cooperation for Reconstruction of Afghanistan. He has published a textbook under the title of *Steel Work* (Manpower Training Program, 1991). Salam holds a bachelor's degree in civil engineering from Kabul University and speaks Dari, Pashto, and Turkish in addition to English.

Salman M. A. Salman is an academic researcher and consultant on water law and policy. Until December 2009, he worked as lead counsel and water law adviser with the legal vice presidency of the World Bank. Before joining the World Bank, he was a legal officer with the United Nations International Fund for Agricultural Development. Prior to that, he was a lecturer at the Law School of the University of Khartoum in Sudan. Salman is the author, coauthor, or editor of ten books and has published over fifty articles and book chapters on various issues in water law and policy. Some of his books have been translated into and published in Arabic, Chinese, French, and Russian. Salman obtained his LL.B. from the University of Khartoum Law School and holds an LL.M. and a J.S.D. from Yale Law School.

Manami Sekiguchi graduated from the Department of International Studies in the Graduate School of Frontier Sciences at the University of Tokyo. Her interests lie in rural development in Cambodia, particularly the establishment of farmers' organizations such as agricultural cooperatives and water users' associations. She has also conducted research on land resource management in Cambodia, especially concerning how a dysfunctional landownership system affects land conflicts among people.

J. D. Stanfield is a land tenure specialist with over thirty-five years of experience in teaching and international development research, and has provided technical assistance relating to land issues through the Land Tenure Center at the University of Wisconsin–Madison and the Terra Institute. Stanfield has also provided technical assistance and conducted applied research relating to land tenure and land administration issues through programs funded by the Asian Development Bank, Inter-American Development Bank, World Bank, U.S. Agency for International Development, and United Nations Human Settlements Programme in over twenty countries, including Afghanistan, Albania, the Bahamas, Brazil, Chile, Nicaragua, the Republic of Georgia, and Trinidad and Tobago. He is president of the Terra Institute and codirector of its program for building linkages between communities and key stakeholder organizations for resolving land and other resource issues. Stanfield holds a Ph.D. in communication from Michigan State University and is senior scientist emeritus at the University of Wisconsin–Madison.

Dan E. Stigall is currently a trial attorney in the U.S. Department of Justice, Office of International Affairs, where he assists in formal cooperation efforts

between the United States and countries throughout the Middle East, Africa, and Asia. He has also served as a military attorney in Europe and the Middle East and throughout the United States, and has held assignments as a special assistant U.S. attorney in both Kentucky and Virginia. Stigall holds an LL.M. with highest honors in international and comparative law from George Washington University School of Law and a J.D. and bachelor's degree from Louisiana State University. He is the author of a book titled *Counterterrorism and the Comparative Law of Investigative Detention* (Cambria, 2009) and of numerous law review articles on issues related to international and comparative law.

Jon Unruh is an associate professor in the Department of Geography at McGill University. Since the early 1990s, his research and policy work have focused on post-conflict land tenure in the developing world. His work focuses on conflict resolution, land law and policy, legal pluralism, approaches to reconciling customary and formal tenure systems, and agriculture in post-war and peacebuilding contexts. Unruh's research and policy experience includes work in Cameroon, Central America, Ethiopia, Liberia, Madagascar, Mozambique, Peru, Sierra Leone, Somalia, Timor-Leste, Uganda, Zambia, and Zanzibar. Unruh holds a bachelor's degree in environmental studies from the University of Kansas–Lawrence, a master's degree in environmental studies from the University of Wisconsin–Madison, and a doctorate in geography and rural development from the University of Arizona.

Peter Van der Auweraert is head of the Land, Property, and Reparations Division at the International Organization for Migration. He is engaged in a United Nations–sponsored peace mediation effort on land and property issues in Kirkuk, Iraq. Previously, Van der Auweraert was executive director of *Avocats Sans Frontières*, an international nongovernmental organization working on access-to-justice issues in post-conflict and transitional countries in Africa, the Middle East, and Southeast Asia. He has also held a visiting lectureship in international criminal and public law at the University of Turku in Finland. Van der Auweraert holds an LL.M. in international law from the University of London and a first degree in law from the University of Antwerp. He has published on transitional justice and post-conflict land and property issues in English, French, Spanish, and Dutch.

Rhodri C. Williams is a human rights consultant with expertise on forced displacement, land, and property rights issues. He has over ten years experience providing technical advice and analysis in numerous settings, including Bosnia, Cambodia, Colombia, Cyprus, Georgia, Liberia, Serbia, and Turkey. Williams has worked as a consultant for numerous international and nongovernmental organizations, including the Brookings Institution, the International Center for Transitional Justice, the Norwegian Refugee Council, the United Nations Development Programme, and the United Nations Human Settlements Programme. From 2000 to 2004 he worked in Bosnia and Herzegovina for the Organization for Security

and Co-operation in Europe, coordinating legal policy and field monitoring of the post-war restitution process. Williams holds a master's degree in geography from Syracuse University and a J.D. from New York University, and he is a member of the New York State Bar. He has lectured, published, and commented widely on land and property issues in humanitarian, transitional justice, and development settings; some of his writings appear on his blog, TerraNullius, at <http://terra0nullius.wordpress.com>.